

	مدت امتحان: ۹۰ دقیقه	ساعت شروع: ۸/۳۰	رشته: علوم تجربی و ریاضی فیزیک	سئوالات درس: زبان خارجه
	نوبت: اول گروه صبح	تاریخ امتحان: ۱۳۹۳/۱۰/۸	دبیرستان: شهید بهشتی کرمانشاه	سال چهارم دوره دوم آموزش متوسطه
	طراح: آقای جمشیدی	استان: کرمانشاه - ناحیه ۱	نام کلاس و شماره آمار:	نام و نام خانوادگی:

Beheshti Smart High School

“An English Test Based on the First Four Lessons of Pre- University Book”

**I. Vocabulary:**

**A: Fill in the blanks with one of the words from the list below. There is one extra word. (3points)**

environment -- anxiety -- forecasting --confident --support -- concerned – population

1. He said that he has decided not to ..... any one political party.
2. The government is ..... that unemployment will continue to fall.
3. Many patients experience high levels of ..... before a major operation.
4. Scientists are deeply ..... about global warming caused by human activities.
5. According to scientists, one quarter of the world’s ..... lacks adequate housing.
6. The complexity of English as a second language needs a qualified teacher and an appropriate classroom.....

**B.Match the definitions in column A with the words in column B .There is one extra word in column B.**

**(1point)**

A

B

- 
7. a usual way in which something happens or is done
  8. move something with a sound
  9. a look on the face
  10. material burnt to produce energy

- 
- a. rattle
  - b.pattern
  - c.fuel
  - d.expression
  - e.projection

**C.Choose the best choice. (2 points)**

11. John doesn’t like to do the same tasks every day. Actually, he hates doing ..... tasks.
  - a. useful
  - b.repetitive
  - c.protective
  - d.actual
12. Kish population doubles in summer,..... because of different festivals.
  - a. gradually
  - b.regularly
  - c.mainly
  - d.entirely
13. You must give me certain ..... before I sign the treaty.
  - a.guarantees
  - b.amounts
  - c.effects
  - d.problems
14. An organization that works to prevent fires and stop them from burning is called a fire..... .
  - a. department
  - b.committee
  - c.community
  - d.instrument

**II. Grammar:**

**A. Choose the best choice. (2 points)**

15. Pauline has a very strange old painting of a woman ..... a small dog.
  - a. who holding
  - b.is holding
  - c.holding
  - d.holds
16. He has ..... nice voice that he should try to be a professional singer.
  - a.such
  - b.such a
  - c.so
  - d.too
17. He forced his way through the crowd ..... the exit.
  - a. to reach
  - b.reach
  - c.reached
  - d.reaching
18. Tom has not been able to find any friends ..... he came to his new school.
  - a. as
  - b.since
  - c.whether
  - d.because

**B.Use enough, so, such or too in the blanks in the following sentences. (1 point)**

19. The injured man was light..... for me to carry.
20. The weather was ..... hot that we couldn’t stay outside.
21. I think the lesson is.....difficult for him to understand.
22. It was ..... a funny joke that we couldn’t help laughing.

**C. Put the following words in the correct order. (1 point)**

23. questions –asking –make –audience –can – speech –your – concentrate – on – the .

**D. Combine the following sentences with the words given in parentheses. (2 points)**

24. I was getting off the bus. I slipped and got injured. (as)

25. There is not much time. We can't finish the lesson. (enough)

**E. Rewrite the following sentences by changing the underlined parts. (1 point)**

26. The cars which release greenhouse gases into the air are a danger for the environment.

27. The strategy which is planned to control pollution in Tehran is effective.

**III. Sentence Function:**

**A. What do the following sentences function as? (1.5 point)**

28. Just before your speech do some deep breathing exercises.

- a. defining                      b. instructing                      c. explaining                      d. naming

29. Password is a secret word that one needs to know in order to be allowed into a place.

- a. instructing                      b. explaining                      c. defining                      d. describing

30. The exercise should be more reasonable, i.e. lighter.

- a. explaining                      b. restating                      c. practicing                      d. defining

**B. Match the items in column (A) with the appropriate phrases in column (B) to make meaningful sentences. There is one extra phrase in column (B). (1.5 point)**

A

31. Improve your listening skill .....

32. Most of the students got injured .....

33. After an earthquake,.....

B

a. because the accident was a terrible one.

b. by watching original movies.

c. plan family emergency procedures.

d. provide first aid and check for injuries.

**IV. Reading Comprehension:**

**A. Read the following text and fill in the blanks with the words given. Some words are extra. (6 points)**

globally -- silent— increases-- organized –than-- ignored –regularly—balanced-- without –with-- attack affect – blindness-- although -- since

According to the World Health Organization over a billion adults around the world suffer from high blood pressure. It is now taking steps to fight against what is called a (34) killer. High blood pressure can lead to strokes and a heart (35).

Almost 10 million people die of these two diseases every year. They are the number one causes of death (36).

High blood pressure also leads to kidney failure, (37) and other illnesses. It often goes hand in hand with diabetes and obesity, which (38) health risks even further.

As the WHO reports, people in developing countries in Africa suffer more from high blood pressure (39) people in developed countries. The reason is that health care in the developed world is much better (40) and people go to the doctor soon enough.

High blood pressure should never be (41) and always taken seriously. It is a warning sign from your body that something is not OK. (42) people may live with high blood pressure for years without even knowing it, it is important to check your blood pressure (43) and take the necessary steps.

The WHO says that you can reduce your blood pressure by changing your living habits. Eating a (44) diet, exercising regularly, avoiding alcohol and nicotine are some things that you can do (45) consulting a doctor.

**B. Read the five texts, items 46– 50. Then read the headlines a – h. Decide which headline a – h goes best with which text. (2.5 point)**

- a. Tired drivers a danger on the road
- b. Help a homeless person – and yourself
- c. Meals for the homeless
- d. Largest number of passengers
- e. Plans to increase road safety
- f. Police arrest bus driver
- g. School dinner causes serious illness
- h. Shopping centre accident avoided

46. At least 100 American children and staff are thought to be suffering from food poisoning after a Christmas meal. A third of all pupils – aged between nine and 13 – and 10 teachers were struck down after eating a Turkey lunch on Wednesday. No one is thought to have been hospitalized.
47. Southern police used patrol cars to block the path of a runaway double-decker bus yesterday as it careered driverless towards a shopping area. Two men had just jumped from the vehicle, had been reported stolen. Two men in their thirties were arrested.
48. A London furniture company is putting a £1,500 sofa up for sale for £1 – in return for a promise from the buyer to take someone in need into their home at Christmas. Who- ever wins the prize will have to nominate someone who is homeless, or living on their own, or is otherwise not going to have much of a Christmas.
49. More road accidents are caused by drivers who fall asleep at the wheel than is generally recognized, an MP claimed yesterday. He has called for Government action to help solve the problem.
50. Travelers flocked to Heathrow Airport yesterday at the start of its busiest ever fortnight. Two million people are expected to travel through the airport between this weekend and 5 January, thanks to the start of the ski season and the traditional Christmas holiday period.

**C. Read the following sentences and then choose the best choice. (1.5 point)**

51. The purpose of humor is not to be a comedian but for you to create a comfortable atmosphere and have fun with your audience. This sentence implies that while giving a speech, -----
- a. creating an uncomfortable atmosphere is necessary
  - b. the speaker should make fun of his audience
  - c. the lecturer should perform as a comedian
  - d. using humor is preferable
52. Only after all its mechanisms are learned, scientists may be able to predict an earthquake. What is inferred from this sentence is that:
- a. An earthquake isn't predicted unless all its mechanisms are learned.
  - b. Scientists will surely be able to predict earthquakes in future.
  - c. An earthquake may be predicted if all its mechanisms are learned.
  - d. If an earthquake mechanisms are learned, predicting it will be easy.
53. Since your heart can not lift weights to get stronger, it relies on you to do aerobic exercise. We understand from this sentence that .....
- a. weight lifting needs a strong heart
  - b. by aerobic exercise we breathe much better
  - c. we are too much dependent on our heart.
  - d. our heart is dependent on us to become stronger

**D. Choose the best choice to complete the following text. (4 points)**

Smog is a combination of smoke and fog. It occurs when gases from burnt fuel get together with fog on the ground. When heat and sunlight get together with these gases, they (54) fine, dangerous particles in the air.

Smog occurs in big cities with a lot of traffic. (55) in the summertime, when it is very hot, smog stays near the ground. It is dangerous to our breathing and in smog areas we (56) see very well.

Smog was first discovered in Great Britain in the 19th century, during the (57) of the Industrial Revolution. At that time people used coal for heating and cooking. Factories also used coal to (58) iron and steel. Smoke got together with wet, foggy air and turned yellow. The smog often stayed over cities for many days. It caused (59) diseases and breathing problems. Thousands of people died in London every year.

Today, cities that have a high population and (60) in hot, subtropical areas have the biggest smog problems—Los Angeles, Mexico City or Cairo.

A lot has been done to (61) smog recently. Factories use coal that doesn't have much sulphur in it. And cars are much cleaner today. In some cities, cars aren't even allowed to drive on smog days.

- |                     |                |                |                  |
|---------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|
| 54 a. rise          | b. form        | c. reduce      | d. burn          |
| 55 a. Regularly     | b. Practically | c. Especially  | d. Repeatedly    |
| 56. a. can't        | b. couldn't    | c. shouldn't   | d. don't have to |
| 57. a. happening    | b. occurring   | c. beginning   | d. finishing     |
| 58. a. produce      | b. organize    | c. predict     | d. prepare       |
| 59. a. skull        | b. lung        | c. liver       | d. vessel        |
| 60. a. were located | b. to locate   | c. are located | d. locate        |
| 61. a. protect      | b. provide     | c. prevent     | d. perform       |

**E. Read the following passages carefully and then choose the best choice. (10 points)**

(1)

Computers are machines that can help us in many ways. But they cannot think or do things on their own. Humans have to feed them with information and tell them what to do with it. They cannot come up with any new information. But they can save much time and work. For example, all the information and the office files can be stored in a computer's "memory". If a clerk were to trace any information from a particular file, the computer would only take seconds to find it. It would take a clerk days or even weeks to go through every file if no computers were used.

The first computers were huge and costly. They filled up almost the whole floor of large offices. Later, because of the usefulness and demand for computers in business, scientists soon found ways to produce cheaper and smaller computers. They invented chips which made it possible to store more information in less space.

Today, computers are not only cheaper, but also more compact. They can just be placed on top of an ordinary writing table. They can even be carried from place to place easily. Computers are not only used in offices by companies, but they are also used at home, by families who can afford them.

Robots, on the other hand, are not mechanical people. They are only moving parts controlled by a computer. A robot can do the same work for twenty four hours, and yet, it does not complain or get tired. In the United States robots are computers that tell them where to guard and what to do. These robots are programmed to listen for certain noises and signals for help in case of trouble or danger.

In Japan and in some places in America, robots are used in factories to assemble cars. As computers become more common in businesses and factories, people fear that one day computers and computer controlled robots will put human workers out of work.

62. Why do humans have to feed the computers with information and tell them what to do?

They have to this because computers .....

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| a. can save time and work                       | b. cannot think or do things on their own |
| c. can store office information in their memory | d. can help us in many ways               |

63. Why did the first computers fill up almost the whole floor?  
 a. Because they were huge and costly.  
 b. Because of the usefulness and demand for computers in businesses.  
 c. Because the office floor was small.  
 d. Because they were huge.
64. Find a word in the passage that has the same meaning as more compact.  
 a. Huge                      b. Cheaper                      c. Smaller                      d. Costly
65. Which of the following statements is NOT TRUE?  
 a. Robots are controlled by a computer.  
 b. Robots are mechanical people.  
 c. Robots do not get tired of working.  
 d. Robots guard factories and museums in the United States.
66. Humans fear that one day computers and robots  
 a. are busier than humans.  
 b. are cleverer than humans.  
 c. will make humans jobless.  
 d. will make humans listen to certain noise.
67. The BEST title for this passage would be  
 a. Computers and Robots                      b. Robots are Security Guards  
 c. Old and New Computers                      d. The Electronic Invention

(2)

These days many people eat ready-made food. This means food which is already prepared, in packets or cans, or often frozen. People often go to fast-food restaurants a lot, where they buy take-away meals. This kind of food is suitable in busy, modern world, but it often has a lot of fat or sugar. If you eat a lot of sugar, dentists say you might get holes in your teeth. Similarly, if you eat a lot of fat, doctors will tell you that this is bad for your heart.

Most scientists say that the best food is fresh, natural food such as fruit and vegetables. They also say that we should reduce the amount of fat we eat. Nowadays we eat too much oil and butter. Instead of buying food in oil, we should lightly boil it, steam it or eat it uncooked as in salads. Food which hasn't been cooked often has more vitamins. These vitamins are often destroyed during cooking.

Of course, when we get older, we become aware of bad eating habits, but it is a good idea to develop good eating habits as early in life as possible.

68. Why is uncooked food often better for us?  
 a. Its vitamins are not damaged.  
 b. It has less sugar and fat.  
 c. It is easier to eat in this busy world.  
 d. It can be bought from fast-food restaurants.
69. What is wrong with ready-made food?  
 a. It must be eaten in a short time.  
 b. It has a lot of fat and sugar.  
 c. It is not properly prepared.  
 d. It is not suitable for young people.
70. The word "reduce" in paragraph two is closest in meaning to .....  
 a. release                      b. measure                      c. decrease                      d. provide
71. Food that is lightly cooked in water is not suitable for eating.                      a. True                      b. False

“EVERYTHING COMES TO HIM WHO WAITS”

WINTER 1393

A- JAMSHIDI